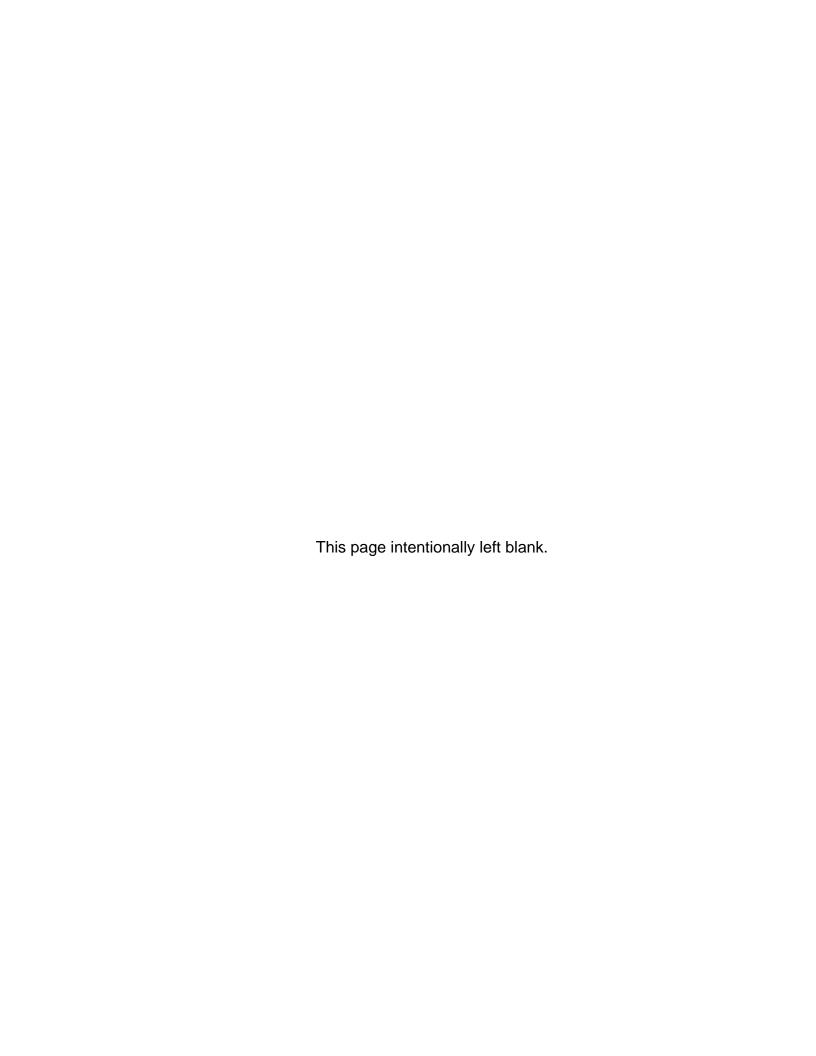
CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA

Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007



For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Dahlonega, Georgia

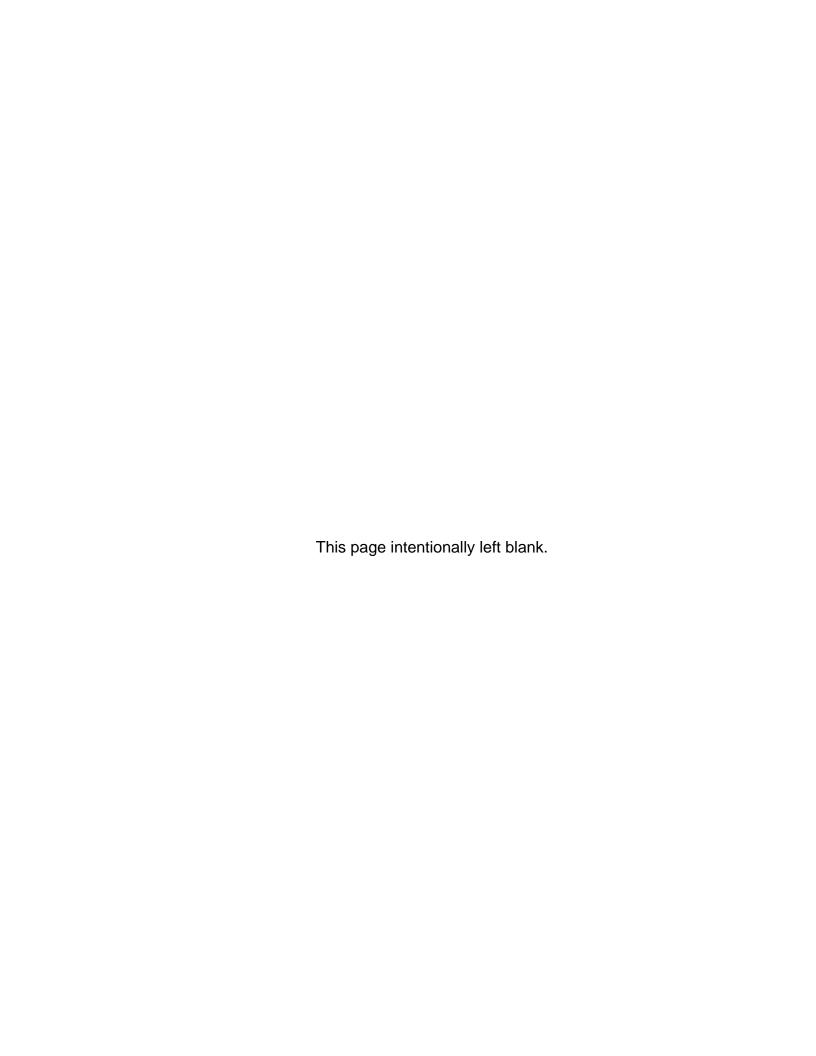
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in the financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods or measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2008 on our consideration of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

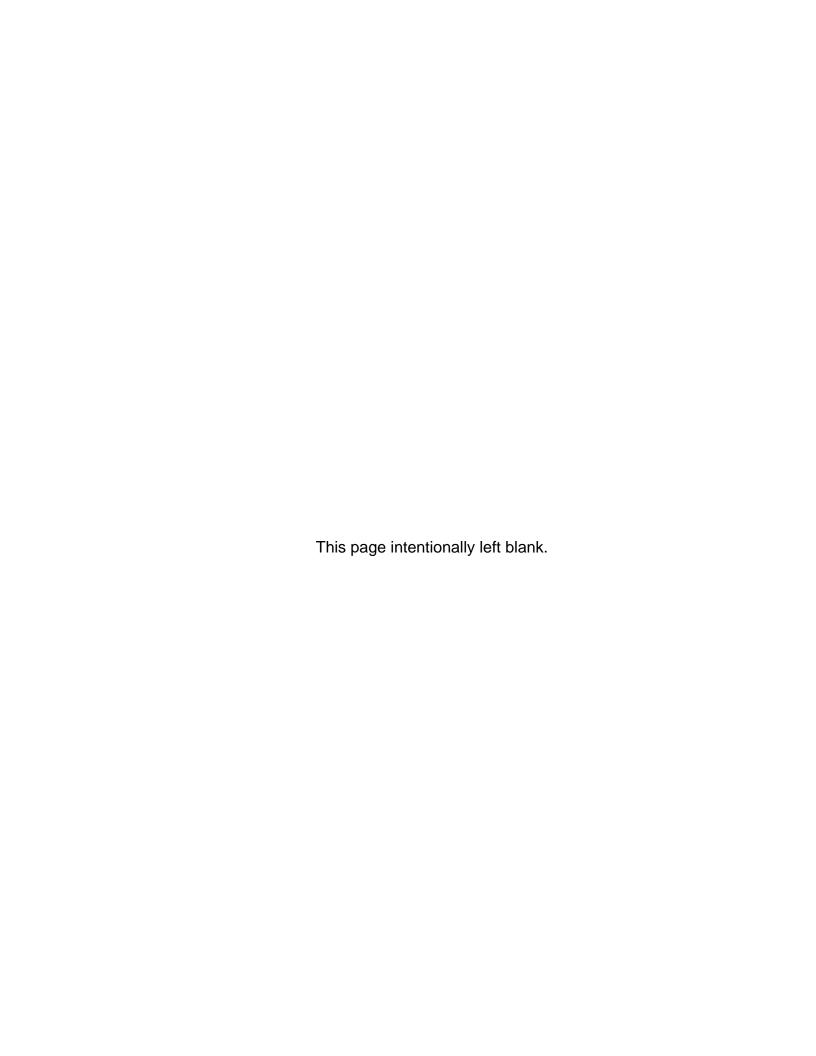


Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's, basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information listed in this paragraph has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Certified Public Accountants

Rusheton ? Company

Gainesville, Georgia February 13, 2008





CITY OF DAHLONEGA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

USING THE AUDIT FOR 2007

As management of the City of Dahlonega, we offer readers of the City of Dahlonega's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Dahlonega for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. The audit is required by Georgia law. A Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities will provide a picture about the activities of the City. The Fund Financial Statements will provide a more detailed view of the City's services and the revenue dedicated to provide them.

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. The expenses are listed in the first column with the revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expenses) Revenue report. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues and if it is self-financing through fees, insurance or grants.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets begins on Page 8. The Statement of Activities begins on Page 10. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the 2007 year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The difference between income received and liabilities incurred will paint a picture of the City's health.

During FY 2007 the City Council purchased property from the United Community Bank which was under foreclosure for a future City Hall building at a price of \$427,180. The council plans to restore the old funeral home building and it will replace the current Riley Road facility as the New City Hall.

The city continued preliminary work toward construction of a new water treatment plant. \$845,663 was spent on engineering for the new plant and \$41,247 was spent on geotechnical work.



The city has been working through its recently hired lobbyist with U.S. Representative Nathan Deal, Senators Saxby Chambliss and Johnny Isakson and others and has succeeded in getting Dahlonega on the Senate's list of 11 critical Georgia water infrastructure projects being considered for funding. The water resources funding would probably come out of the 2008 federal budget. It will most likely be toward the end of the year before we will learn whether Dahlonega will actually receive any federal funding for the new water treatment plant but \$5 million in funding has been authorized in a bill approved by the U.S. Senate under the Water Resources Development Act.

A total of \$14,200 was spent for new water lines and \$354,159 was spent for new sewer lines.

Three new vehicles were added to the city's fleet at a total cost of \$90,438.

The city was very aggressive in its road paving program for the past three years and many of the city's roads are in good shape. Due to the paving costs, which are about twice as much as they were a few years ago, the city did not pave any streets during FY 07. The Dahlonega City Council made a decision to assume ownership of the state roadways that feed into Dahlonega's Public Square. This will better control speeding and signage issues on and around the square. The city will also be able to clean up the sign clutter, make the area safer for pedestrians, better control truck traffic, add loading zones and make its own decisions about closing the square for festivals.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FUNDS

The Fund Financial statements begin on Page 11 and provide detailed information about the funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the city as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which are the government-wide statements, report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. One can think of the City's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors need to be considered, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. These funds are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the government-wide financial statements.

This report includes two schedules (pages 12 and 14) which reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with the governmental activities reported on the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities on the government-wide statements are not reported on fund financial statements.
- Certain tax revenues that are earned, but not available, are reported as revenue on the governmentwide statement, but are not reported as deferred revenue on the fund statements.

- Unless due and payable, long-term liabilities, such as lease obligations and compensated absences only appear as liabilities in the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.
- Debt proceeds result in liabilities on the government-wide statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the government fund financial statements.
- Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.

Condensed Statements of Net Assets

Table 1 below presents the City's condensed Statement of Net Assets as of September 30, 2007.

	Governn	nent	al	Busines	ype				
	Activi	ties		Acti	viti	es	To	tal	
	 2007		2006	 2007		2006	2007		2006
Current and other assets	\$ 3,918,529	\$	2,937,652	\$ 1,307,694	\$	2,108,173	\$ 5,226,223	\$	5,045,825
Capital assets	4,168,665		3,814,970	25,180,078		22,637,015	29,348,743		26,451,985
Total assets	8,087,194		6,752,622	26,487,772		24,745,188	34,574,966		31,497,810
Current liabilities	1,185,162		527,723	1,005,311		800,986	2,190,473		1,328,709
Noncurrent liabilities	8,081		47,771	12,330,374		12,863,782	12,338,455		12,911,553
Total liabilities	1,193,243		575,494	13,335,685		13,664,768	14,528,928		14,240,262
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	4,158,131		3,414,970	12,188,032		9,230,170	16,346,163		12,645,140
Restricted	278,314		0	86,896		74,330	365,210		74,330
Unrestricted	 2,457,506		2,762,158	 877,159		1,775,920	 3,334,665		4,538,078
Total net assets	\$ 6,893,951	\$	6,177,128	\$ 13,152,087	\$	11,080,420	\$ 20,046,038	\$	17,257,548

The largest component of the City's net assets is its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and other), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens and the businesses in the City; consequently, these net assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The remaining portion of net assets is unrestricted, which can be used to finance government operations.

Condensed Statement of Activities

Table 2 below presents the City's Condensed Statement of Activities for the year ended September 30, 2007. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets measure whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Table 2: Condensed Statement of Activities

		rnmental tivities				siness-Type Activities			To	otal	
Revenues	2007	2006	í		2007		2006		2007	, tui	2006
Program revenues:							·				
Charges for services	\$ 410,961	\$ 37	3,237	\$	3,844,152	\$ 3.	,258,662	\$	4,255,113	\$	3,631,899
Operating grants and contributions	18,959		1,069		0		0		18,959		1,069
Capital grants and contributions	0	28	0,349		1,389,610		0		1,389,610		280,349
General revenues:											
Property taxes	839,600	66	3,441		0		0		839,600		663,441
Sales tax	837,951	1,01	4,191		0		0		837,951		1,014,191
Other taxes	1,047,608	86	4,798		0		0		1,047,608		864,798
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	0		0		0	1.	,056,641		0		1,056,641
Interest and investment earnings	121,675	12	3,885		70,758		57,244		192,433		181,129
Gain on sale of asset	0		0		1,123		0		1,123		0
Miscellaneous revenue	10,510		0		0		1,175		10,510		1,175
Total revenues	3,287,264	3,32	0,970		5,305,643	4	,373,722		8,592,907		7,694,692
Expenses											
General government	853,427	77	0,403		0		0		853,427		770,403
Judicial	208,731	17	8,877		0		0		208,731		178,877
Public Safety	0		3,705		0		0		0		3,705
Public Works	684,195	62	4,272		0		0		684,195		624,272
Culture and Recreation	83,646	18	3,599		0		0		83,646		183,599
Housing and Development	534,461	25	0,683		0		0		534,461		250,683
Interest on long-term debt	5,770		0		0		0		5,770		0
Water and sewerage	0		0		3,017,628	2.	,959,190		3,017,628		2,959,190
Solid Waste	0		0		472,945		418,636		472,945		418,636
Total expenses	2,370,230	2,01	1,539		3,490,573	3,	,377,826		5,860,803		5,389,365
Increase (decrease) in net assets											
before transfers	917,034	1,30	9,431		1,815,070		995,896		2,732,104		2,305,327
Transfers	(215,647)	(23	3,841)		215,647		233,841		0		0
Increase (decrease) in net assets	701,387	1,07	5,590		2,030,717	1,	,229,737		2,732,104		2,305,327
Net assets - beginning (original)	6,177,128	5,10	1,538	1	1,080,420	9	,705,848		17,257,548		14,807,386
Prior period adjustments	15,436		0		40,950		144,835		56,386		144,835
Net assets - beginning (restated)	6,192,564	5,10	1,538	1	1,121,370	9	,850,683		17,313,934		14,952,221
Net assets - ending	\$ 6,893,951	\$ 6,17	7,128	\$ 1	3,152,087	\$ 11.	,080,420	\$	20,046,038	\$	17,257,548

During the year ending September 30, 2007 the net assets of the government activities increased \$701,387 or 11.35%. Net assets of business-type activities increased by \$2,030,717 or 18.32%. Approximately 29.38% of the City's governmental activities revenues came from property taxes and approximately 65.98% came from other taxes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and the balance of resources available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved, undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,772,010 with \$2,456,217 reported as unreserved fund balance and the remaining amount of \$37,479 reserved for prepaid expenses and \$278,314 reserved for restricted assets.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,459,781. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures for Fiscal Year 2007. Unreserved fund balance represents 95% of total General Fund expenditures. The net change in the General Fund's fund balance for the year ended September 30, 2007 was an increase of \$364,336.

The Enterprise Funds are composed of the Water and Sewage Fund and the Solid Waste Fund. The net change in the total Enterprise Fund's fund balance for the year ended September 30, 2007 was an increase before transfers of \$1,815,070 and after transfers \$2,030,717. The total net assets for the Enterprise Funds at the beginning of the fiscal year was \$11,080,420 and net assets at the end of the fiscal year was \$13,152,087.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

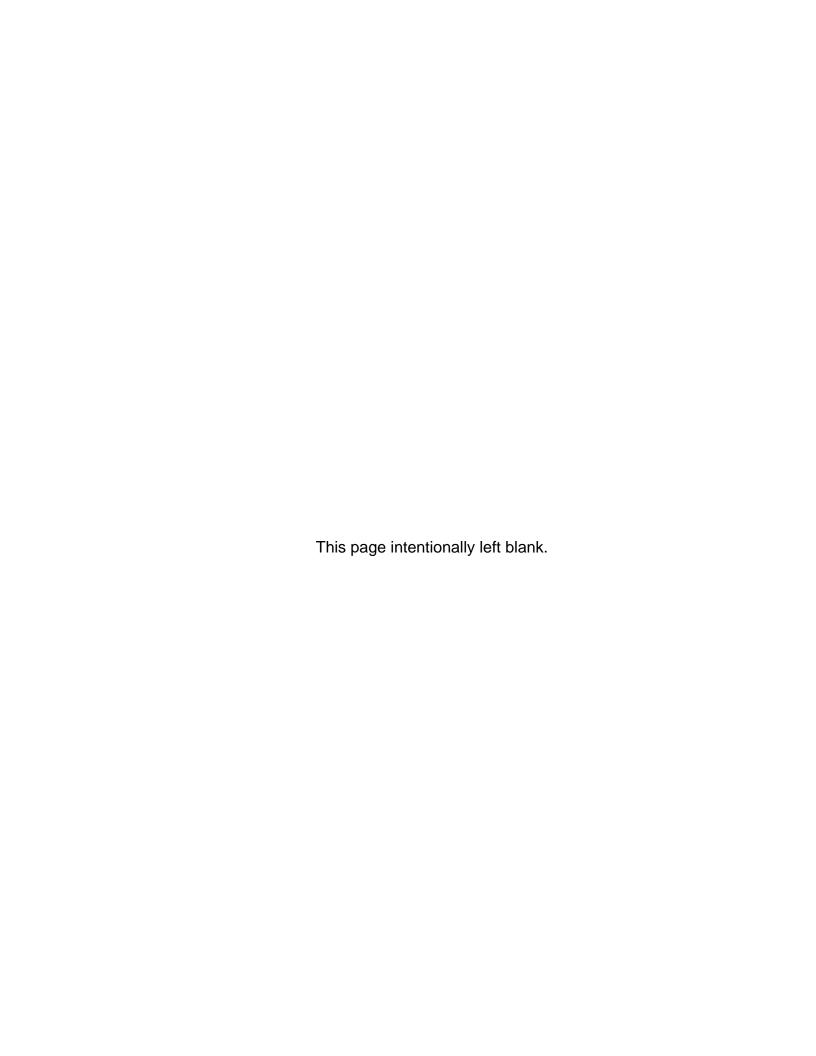
The City revised the General Fund Budget at the end of the fiscal year to reflect actual revenues and expenditures. Total amendment to the General Fund increased revenues by \$205,832 and decreased expenditures by \$57,524. The overrun in expenditures in the General Administration Department was due to the unbudgeted purchase of the property in the amount of \$427,180. This was funded by fund balance from previous years. Also the Municipal Court Department was over budget by \$12,514. This was due to unexpected fees for professional services.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

At September 30, 2007, the City reported \$29,348,743 in capital assets. At September 30, 2007, the City reported long-term debt of \$12,338,455. Refer to the note 8 on page 35 and note 11 on page 39 of the financial statements for additional information.

In conclusion, the City of Dahlonega finished the year with an increase in fund balance and net assets. The property tax digest increased and tax millage rate increased from 3.62 mils to 4.37 mils. The only other rate increase during FY 07 was a reduction in the number of gallons of water for a minimum water bill of \$17.50. This was reduced from 1,000 gallons to 0 gallons. Fiscal management has been sound while providing the services that the citizens expect and deserve.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Dahlonega's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to City of Dahlonega, 465 Riley Road, Dahlonega, Georgia 30533.





CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

		Primary Government	t	Component Unit		
	Governmental	Business-type		Development		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority		
ASSETS	Activities	Addivides	Total	Additionty		
Current assets						
Cash	\$ 5,360	\$ 0	\$ 5,360	\$ 0		
Equity in pooled cash	2,262,388	1,557,520	3,819,908	1,738		
Certificates of deposit	0	14,567	14,567	0		
Restricted assets						
Cash	278,314	86,896	365,210	0		
Equity in pooled cash	0	0	0	104,271		
Certificates of deposit	0	60,433	60,433	0		
Receivables (net)						
Accounts	12,703	472,403	485,106	0		
Taxes	19,461	0	19,461	0		
Fines	61,856	0	61,856	0		
Intergovernmental	171,716	1,990	173,706	0		
Inventories	14,738	120,434	135,172	0		
Prepaid items	37,479	32,696	70,175	0		
Internal balances	1,054,514	(1,054,514)	0	0		
Total current assets	3,918,529	1,292,425	5,210,954	106,009		
Noncurrent assets						
Investment in joint venture	0	15,269	15,269	0		
Capital assets						
Non-depreciable	2,253,641	5,105,017	7,358,658	0		
Depreciable (net)	1,915,024	20,075,061	21,990,085	0		
Total noncurrent assets	4,168,665	25,195,347	29,364,012	0		
Total assets	8,087,194	26,487,772	34,574,966	106,009		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Payables						
Accounts	54,783	206,042	260,825	17,530		
Interest	6,413	39,134	45,547	0		
Tax anticipation note	1,048,081	0	1,048,081	0		
Unearned revenue	17,049	0	17,049	0		
Accrued payroll liabilities	5,974	7,255	13,229	529		
Compensated absences	50,409	69,909	120,318	0		
Notes payable	0	541,050	541,050	0		
Capital lease payable	2,453	14,619	17,072	0		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets						
Customer deposits payable	0	60,433	60,433	0		
Revenue bonds payable	0	65,000	65,000	0		
Interest payable	0	1,869	1,869	0		
Total current liabilities	1,185,162	1,005,311	2,190,473	18,059		
Noncurrent liabilities	2.22	40.0==		_		
Capital leases payable	8,081	48,278	56,359	0		
Notes payable	0	12,282,096	12,282,096	0		
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,081	12,330,374	12,338,455	0		
Total liabilities	1,193,243	13,335,685	14,528,928	18,059		

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

	 overnmental Activities	De v	Component Unit Downtown Development Authority		
NET ASSETS	 Activities	 Activities	 Total		diffority
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 4,158,131	\$ 12,188,032	\$ 16,346,163	\$	0
Restricted for:					
Debt service	0	86,896	86,896		0
Public works	278,314	0	278,314		0
Unrestricted	 2,457,506	 877,159	 3,334,665		87,950
Total net assets	\$ 6,893,951	\$ 13,152,087	\$ 20,046,038	\$	87,950

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	E	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				_						
Primary government										
Governmental activities										
General Government	\$	853,427	\$	56,644	\$	3,000	\$	0	\$	(793,783)
Judicial		208,731		171,700		0		0		(37,031)
Public Works		684,195		52,940		15,827		0		(615,428)
Culture and Recreation		83,646		0		0		0		(83,646)
Housing and Development		534,461		129,677		132		0		(404,652)
Interest on long-term debt		5,770		0		0		0		(5,770)
Total governmental										
activities		2,370,230		410,961		18,959		0		(1,940,310)
Business-type activities										
Water and Sewage		3,017,628		3,368,076		0	1	,389,610		1,740,058
Solid Waste		472,945		476,076		0		0		3,131
Total business-type										
activities		3,490,573		3,844,152		0	1	,389,610		1,743,189
Total primary government		5,860,803		4,255,113		18,959	1	,389,610	_	(197,121)
Component Unit Downtown Development Authority										
Housing and Development		136,824		39,891		0		0		(96,933)
							-			

		ı							
	Governmental Business-Type					Co	omponent		
		Activities		Activities		Total	Unit		
Change in net assets									
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,940,310)	\$	1,743,189	\$	(197,121)	\$	(96,933)	
General revenues									
Taxes									
Property		839,600		0		839,600		0	
Sales		837,951		0		837,951		0	
Franchise		454,128		0		454,128		0	
Insurance premium		190,631		0		190,631		0	
Intangibles		23,432		0		23,432		0	
Alcoholic beverage		147,210		0		147,210		0	
Occupational		117,176		0		117,176		0	
Hotel/Motel		115,031		0		115,031		0	
Payments from City of Dahlonega	ı	0		0		0		118,619	
Interest and investment earnings		121,675		70,758		192,433		0	
Gain on sale of assets		0		1,123		1,123		0	
Miscellaneous		10,510		0		10,510		0	
Transfers		(215,647)		215,647		0		0	
Total general revenues, special									
items, and transfers		2,641,697		287,528		2,929,225		118,619	
Change in net assets		701,387		2,030,717	_	2,732,104		21,686	
Net assets - beginning (original)		6,177,128		11,080,420		17,257,548		66,264	
Prior period adjustments		15,436		40,950		56,386		0	
Net assets - beginning (restated)		6,192,564		11,121,370		17,313,934		66,264	
Net assets - ending	\$	6,893,951	\$	13,152,087	\$	20,046,038	\$	87,950	

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CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2007

		General	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	5,360	\$	0	\$ 5,360
Equity in pooled cash		2,250,219		12,169	2,262,388
Restricted assets					
Cash		278,314		0	278,314
Receivables (net)					
Accounts		1,601		11,102	12,703
Taxes		19,461		0	19,461
Fines		61,856		0	61,856
Intergovernmental		171,716		0	171,716
Inventory		14,738		0	14,738
Prepaid items		37,479		0	37,479
Due from other funds	_	1,054,514		0	 1,054,514
Total assets	\$	3,895,258	\$	23,271	\$ 3,918,529
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Payables					
Accounts	\$	35,448	\$	19,335	\$ 54,783
Interest		6,413		0	6,413
Accrued salaries and payroll expenses		5,974		0	5,974
Tax anticipation note payable		1,048,081		0	1,048,081
Deferred revenue	_	23,768		7,500	 31,268
Total liabilities		1,119,684		26,835	1,146,519
Fund balances					
Reserved for restricted assets		278,314		0	278,314
Reserved for prepaid items		37,479		0	37,479
Unreserved, undesignated		2,459,781		0	2,459,781
Special Revenue Funds	_	0		(3,564)	 (3,564)
Total fund balances		2,775,574		(3,564)	 2,772,010
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$	3,895,258	\$	23,271	\$ 3,918,529

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CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 2,772,010
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets of \$5,300,482, net of accumulated depreciation of (\$1,131,817), are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,168,665
Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. These include deferred property taxes of \$14,219.	14,219
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. These are capital leases of (\$10,534) and compensated absences of (\$50,409).	 (60,943)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,893,951

12 Exhibit A-4

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 2,606,457	\$ 115,031	\$ 2,721,488
Licenses and permits	186,291	0	186,291
Fines, fees and forfeitures	171,700	0	171,700
Charges for services	52,970	0	52,970
Intergovernmental	15,827	3,000	18,827
Interest	121,675	0	121,675
Contributions	132	0	132
Other	10,510	0	10,510
Total revenues	3,165,562	118,031	3,283,593
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government	1,243,109	0	1,243,109
Judicial	208,740	0	208,740
Public Works	649,540	0	649,540
Culture and Recreation	70,198	5,643	75,841
Housing and Development	424,980	121,531	546,511
Total expenditures	2,596,567	127,174	2,723,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	568,995	(9,143)	559,852
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	0	2,000	2,000
Transfers out	(217,647)	0	(217,647)
Proceeds from capital lease	12,988	0	12,988
Total other financing			
sources (uses)	(204,659)	2,000	(202,659)
Net change in fund balances	364,336	(7,143)	357,193
Fund balances, October 1 (original)	2,395,802	3,579	2,399,381
Prior period adjustments	15,436	0	15,436
Fund balances, October 1 (restated)	2,411,238	3,579	2,414,817
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 2,775,574	\$ (3,564)	\$ 2,772,010

13 Exhibit A-5

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 357,193 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$483,735 exceed depreciation of 353,695 (\$130,040) in the current period. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable deferred revenue. 3,671 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These include the net change of (\$2,638) in compensated absences. (2,638)The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which debt proceeds of (\$12,988) exceeded payments of \$2,454. (10,534)Change in net assets of governmental activities 701,387

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Exhibit A-6

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Buc	dget			Va	riance with Final
	Original	_	Final	Actual		Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 2,375,055	\$	2,617,868	\$ 2,606,457	\$	(11,411)
Licenses and permits	264,750		142,764	186,291		43,527
Fines, fees and forfeitures	136,400		190,000	171,700		(18,300)
Charges for services	35,100		43,040	52,970		9,930
Intergovernmental	17,600		0	15,827		15,827
Interest	80,000		110,000	121,675		11,675
Contributions	500		200	132		(68)
Other	0		11,365	10,510		(855)
Total revenues	 2,909,405		3,115,237	 3,165,562		50,325
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government						
Legislative	157,701		150,112	142,546		7,566
Executive	182,161		174,422	173,836		586
General Administration	398,470		516,047	926,727		(410,680)
Judicial						
Municipal Court	174,042		196,226	208,740		(12,514)
Public Works						
Paved Street	645,552		512,216	521,931		(9,715)
Shop Department	67,922		66,528	65,146		1,382
Cemetery	63,124		61,135	62,463		(1,328)
Culture and Recreation						
Parks	67,277		68,522	70,198		(1,676)
Housing and Development						
Inspections	302,367		263,009	254,645		8,364
Better Home Towns	59,000		50,776	51,716		(940)
Downtown Development Authority	118,619		119,718	118,619		1,099
Total expenditures	 2,236,235		2,178,711	 2,596,567		(417,856)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 673,170		936,526	 568,995		(367,531)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)						
Transfers out	(408,290)		(219,974)	(217,647)		2,327
Proceeds from capital lease	0		0	12,988		12,988
Proceeds from sales of assets	5,000		0	0		0
Contingency	(269,880)		(716,552)	 0		716,552
Total other financing sources (uses)	(673,170)		(936,526)	(204,659)		731,867
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
financing sources over (under) expenditures						
and other financing uses	 0		0	 364,336		364,336
Fund balances, October 1 (original)	0		0	2,395,802		2,395,802
Prior period adjustments	 0		0_	 15,436		15,436
Fund balances, October 1 (restated)	 0		0	 2,411,238		2,411,238
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 2,775,574	\$	2,775,574

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See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

Current assets		Water and Sewage	Solid Waste	Totals	
Equity in pooled cash	ASSETS				
Certificates of deposit 14,567 0 14,567 Restricted asserts 86,896 0 86,986 Certificates of deposit 60,433 0 60,433 Receivables (net) 405,532 66,871 472,403 Accounts 405,532 66,871 472,403 Intergovernmental 1,1990 0 1,990 Inventory 115,417 5,017 120,434 Prepaid items 24,455 8,241 32,696 Due from other funds 205,778 8 0 205,768 Total current assets 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 20,075,061 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables 203,208 2,834 2,06,042	Current assets				
Restricted assets	Equity in pooled cash	\$ 1,360,721	\$ 196,799	\$ 1,557,520	
Cash Certificates of deposit 86,896 (0.043) 0 86,896 (0.043) Certificates of deposit 60,433 0 60,433 Receivables (net) 405,532 66,871 472,403 Accounts 1,990 0 1,990 Intergovernmental 1,990 0 1,990 Inventory 115,417 5,017 120,434 Prepaid items 24,455 8,241 32,689 Due from other funds 205,758 0 205,758 Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Noncurrent assets Capital assets 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,081 Total noncurrent assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LUBBLITIES Current liabilities Payables 203,208 2,834 </td <td>Certificates of deposit</td> <td>14,567</td> <td>0</td> <td>14,567</td>	Certificates of deposit	14,567	0	14,567	
Certificates of deposit 60,433 0 60,433 Receivables (net) 405,532 66,871 472,403 Intergovernmental 1,990 0 1,990 Inventory 115,417 5,017 120,434 Prepaid items 24,455 8,241 32,996 Due from other funds 205,758 0 205,758 Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Noncurrent assets Capital assets 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses	Restricted assets				
Receivables (net) 405,532 66,871 472,40 Accounts 1,990 0 1,990 Intergovernmental 1,990 0 1,990 Inventory 1115,417 5,017 120,434 Prepaid items 24,455 8,241 32,696 Due from other funds 205,758 0 205,758 Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Non-depreciable 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 2,03,208 2,834 206,042 Accounts 2,03,208 3,834 206,042	Cash	86,896	0	•	
Accounts	·	60,433	0	60,433	
Intergovermental 1,990 0 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,15,417 5,017 120,434 22,4355 8,241 32,696 205,758 20 205,759 200,750,061 200,750,0					
Numerlory		·	•	•	
Prepaid items 24,455 8,241 32,696 Due from other funds 205,758 0 205,758 Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Noncurrent assets Capital assets 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accounts 6,658 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payabl				·	
Due from other funds 205,758 0 205,758 Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Noncurrent assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Non-depreciable sosts 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables 2 2,325 2,748,044 205,748 206,042 1 1 1,269 2 2,748,044 1 1 7,255 2,2359 2,7748,044 1 1 7,255 2,2359 2,7748,044 1 1 7,255 2,248,044 2,061,042 1 1 1 1 1 1 2,255,2359	•	•		•	
Total current assets 2,275,769 276,928 2,552,697 Noncurrent assets Capital assets 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Non-depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 39,134 39,134 Accounts 2,834 2,834 26,042 Interest 39,134 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue b			•		
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Non-depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 25,180,08 2	Due from other funds	205,758	0	205,758	
Capital assets Non-depreciable (net) 5,105,017 0 5,105,017 Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accured salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 6,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0	Total current assets	2,275,769	276,928	2,552,697	
Non-depreciable (net) 5,105,017 (19,779,630) 295,431 (20,075,061) Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LLABILITIES Current liabilities Payables 8 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,099 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: <	Noncurrent assets				
Depreciable (net) 19,779,630 295,431 20,075,061 Total noncurrent assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accoud salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,4619 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 60,433 0 65,000 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 65,000 65,000	Capital assets				
Other assets 24,884,647 295,431 25,180,078 Other assets Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables 8 2,834 206,042 Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 14,619 0 14,619 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 1,869 0 1,869	Non-depreciable	5,105,017	0	5,105,017	
Other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 36,000 0 60,433 Customer deposits payable 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 1,869 0 1,869 Total current liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities 12,282,096 <td>Depreciable (net)</td> <td>19,779,630</td> <td>295,431</td> <td>20,075,061</td>	Depreciable (net)	19,779,630	295,431	20,075,061	
Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,009 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 20,052,129 0 14,619 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 60,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities<	Total noncurrent assets	24,884,647	295,431	25,180,078	
Investment in joint venture 15,269 0 15,269 Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,009 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 20,052,129 0 14,619 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 60,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities<	Other assets				
Total other assets 15,269 0 15,269 Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables 8 2,834 206,042 Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 2 2 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 6,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Notes payable 12,282,096 0 12,282,096 <		15.269	0	15.269	
Total assets 27,175,685 572,359 27,748,044 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 30,414,619 0 14,619 Customer deposits payable from restricted assets: 66,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 1,869 0 1,869 Total current liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities Notes payable 12,282,096 0 12,282,096 Capital leases payable 48,278 0 </td <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	·				
Current liabilities Payables 203,208 2,834 206,042 Accounts 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 14,619 0 14,619 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 1,869 0 1,869 Total current liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities Notes payable 12,282,096 0 12,282,096 Capital leases payable 48,278 0 48,278 Total noncurrent liabilities 12,330,374 0 12,330,374	Total assets	 -	572,359		
Current liabilities Payables 203,208 2,834 206,042 Accounts 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable 14,619 0 14,619 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable 1,869 0 1,869 Total current liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities Notes payable 12,282,096 0 12,282,096 Capital leases payable 48,278 0 48,278 Total noncurrent liabilities 12,330,374 0 12,330,374	LIADILITIES				
Payables Accounts 203,208 2,834 206,042 Interest 39,134 0 39,134 Accrued salaries and payroll expenses 5,444 1,811 7,255 Compensated absences 66,858 3,051 69,909 Due to other funds 1,054,514 205,758 1,260,272 Notes payable 541,050 0 541,050 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 20,461 0 14,619 Customer deposits payable from restricted assets: 60,433 0 60,433 Revenue bonds payable from restricted assets: 65,000 0 65,000 Interest payable from restricted assets: 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities 2,052,129 213,454 2,265,583 Noncurrent liabilities 12,282,096 0 12,282,096 Capital leases payable from restricted assets: 12,330,374 0 12,330,374					
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Total noncurrent liabilities 12,330,374 0 12,330,374					

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Water	Solid	
	and Sewage	Waste	Totals
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,892,601	295,431	12,188,032
Restricted for restricted assets	86,896	0	86,896
Unrestricted	813,685	63,474	877,159
Total net assets	\$ 12,793,182	\$ 358,905	\$ 13,152,087

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Water and Sewage		Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for sales and services	\$ 3,366,839	\$ 476,076	\$ 3,842,915	
Other	1,237	0	1,237	
Total operating revenues	3,368,076	476,076	3,844,152	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Costs of sales and services	765,365	157,800	923,165	
Personal services	943,884	275,657	1,219,541	
Depreciation	820,393	39,488	859,881	
Total operating expenses	2,529,642	472,945	3,002,587	
Operating income (loss)	838,434	3,131	841,565	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Interest revenue	70,758	0	70,758	
Interest expense	(487,986)	0	(487,986)	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,123	0	1,123	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(416,105)	0	(416,105)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions, special items,				
and transfers	422,329	3,131	425,460	
Capital contributions				
Capital contributions	1,369,606	0	1,369,606	
Intergovernmental	20,004	0	20,004	
Total capital contributions	1,389,610	0	1,389,610	
Income (loss) before transfers	1,811,939	3,131	1,815,070	
Transfers in (out)				
Transfers in	215,647	0	215,647	
Change in net assets	2,027,586	3,131	2,030,717	
Net assets, October 1 (original)	10,724,646	355,774	11,080,420	
Prior period adjustments	40,950	0	40,950	
Net assets, October 1 (restated)	10,765,596	355,774	11,121,370	
Net assets, September 30	\$ 12,793,182	\$ 358,905	\$ 13,152,087	

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CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Water and Sewage		Solid Waste			Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	3,396,974	\$	432,288	\$	3,829,262
Payments to suppliers		(830,459)		(158,798)		(989,257)
Payments to employees		(931,444)		(274,403)		(1,205,847)
Other payments		1,237		0		1,237
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,636,308		(913)		1,635,395
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Receipts from other funds		215,647		0		215,647
Payments to other funds		(41,824)		41,824		0
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		173,823		41,824	_	215,647
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities:						
Receipts from other governments		33,245		0		33,245
Receipts from disposal of capital assets		1,851		0		1,851
Receipts from other funds		1,054,514		0		1,054,514
Payments for acquisitions of capital assets		(1,403,510)		0		(1,403,510)
Principal payments - revenue bonds		(55,000)		0		(55,000)
Principal payments - promissary notes		(545,628)		0		(545,628)
Payment of capital leases		(14,553)		0		(14,553)
Interest paid	_	(492,288)		0		(492,288)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities		(1,421,369)		0		(1,421,369)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Proceeds from sale of investments		65,000		0		65,000
Purchase of investments		(75,000)		0		(75,000)
Interest received		58,189		0		58,189
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		48,189		0	_	48,189
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents						
cash equivalents		436,951		40,911		477,862
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	_	1,010,666		155,888		1,166,554
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	1,447,617	\$	196,799	\$	1,644,416

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Water and Sewage		Solid Waste		Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	838,434	\$	3,131	\$	841,565
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		820,393		39,488		859,881
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		30,142		(43,788)		(13,646)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(1)		(1,660)		(1,661)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(3,806)		(634)		(4,440)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(61,287)		1,296		(59,991)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		12,440		1,254		13,694
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(7)		0		(7)
Total adjustments		797,874		(4,044)		793,830
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,636,308	\$	(913)	\$	1,635,395
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:						
Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,360,721	\$	196,799	\$	1,557,520
Restricted assets						
Cash		86,896		0		86,896
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,447,617	\$	196,799	\$	1,644,416

Noncash capital and related financing activities:

Contributions of capital assets from individuals totaled \$1,369,606 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

Acquistion of capital assets through capital leases totaled \$77,450 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

1. Description of Government Unit

The City of Dahlonega incorporated under the laws of the State of Georgia in 1833. The City operates under a council/mayor form of government and provides the following services: street and sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates a public utility (water and sewage) for the incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

The City is governed by an elected seven-member council.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia (the primary government) and material component units. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the financial statements of the following component unit have been included as discretely presented component unit.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Entity, continued

City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority

The City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority was established as a legally separate entity, which operates pursuant to the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the City Council, an executive director and three ex-officio members. The Downtown Development Authority provides for the vitalization of the downtown area of the City of Dahlonega. In many respects, the Authority functions similar to a City department through regular participation in department director meetings, budget approval, accounting, payroll, etc.

The City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Individual financial statements are presented as part of the City's Annual Financial Report in the sections labeled "Component Unit" (See Exhibit F). The City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority has a September 30th year-end. Individual financial statements may be obtained by contacting the City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority, 465 Riley Road, Dahlonega, GA 30533.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 34. This Statement establishes new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. Its implementation creates new information and restructures much of the information that governments have presented in the past. The GASB's intent is to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements, continued

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type activities for the City.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation, continued

These statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Accordingly, all the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as current year infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transaction reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services to customers who directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs requirements of a particular function and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital needs requirements of a particular function.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. Governmental activities that normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation, continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the major governmental fund and non-major funds aggregated. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the government also are recognized as revenue. The City considers property taxes as available in the period for which they were levied if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end. A 60-day availability period is also used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenue.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewage Fund - This fund is used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewage services in the City of Dahlonega.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for activities connected with the collection and disposal of residential, commercial, industrial and institutional solid waste in the City of Dahlonega.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation, continued

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds – This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Component Units

The City of Dahlonega Downtown Development Authority is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they both become measurable and available).

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of the General Fixed Asset Account Group and the General Long-Term Debt Account Group, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> <u>Presentation, continued</u>

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued on or before November 30, 1989, are generally followed in the governmental and business-type activities and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do no conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option for following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Enterprise Funds. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through approval by the Council. Each year about the middle of July, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the City Council for their review. Prior to adoption, a public hearing is held to receive comment from the citizenry on the proposed budget. This hearing is publicized in the local newspaper one week before the hearing, and the budget document is made available for public inspection during this week. After the public hearing, the budget is then revised by the City Council and the first reading of the proposed budget is made.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting, continued

At the next City Council meeting, the second reading of the proposed budget is made and the City Council votes to adopt the proposed budget. The annual operating budget is adopted no later than September 30 for the following year.

The annual budget for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund. The budget for the Enterprise Funds is adopted under a basis consistent with GAAP, except that depreciation, certain capital expenses, non-operating income and expense items are not considered. All unencumbered budget appropriations, except project budgets, lapse at the end of each year.

The legal level of budgetary control is the departmental level. Any increases in total appropriations of a department require approval and amendment of the budget by the City Council. Except as indicated on the major fund budgetary comparison statement, budget amounts included in this report are as amended as of September 30, 2007.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital project investments is included in the investment accounts.

G. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables for state, federal, and local governments are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

H. Inventories

Inventories of all funds are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2007, are recorded as prepaid items.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the beginning of the current year. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical costs nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. For entities the size of the City of Dahlonega, retroactive reporting of infrastructure assets is not required.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful Life	Capitali	ization
	in Years	Thres	hold
Buildings	50	\$	2,000
Distribution systems	40	\$	2,000
Infrastructure	30	\$	2,000
Building improvements	20	\$	2,000
Machinery and equipment	10	\$	2,000
Vehicles	2-15	\$	2,000
Furniture and fixtures	3-15	\$	2,000
Land improvements	15	\$	2,000

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

J. Capital Assets, continued

All land will be valued and capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materially extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized.

K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets of the Enterprise Funds represent certain resources set aside for the repayment of revenue bonds because they are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

L. Compensation for Future Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensation benefits. These will be paid to the employees upon separation from City service. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay amounts are accrued when incurred by the City in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Long-Term Obligations, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

O. Reservations and Designations of Fund Balances

Reservations represent the portions of fund balances which are not appropriable for expenditure or have been segregated for specific future uses by legal mandate. Designations represent the portions of fund balance for which the government has made tentative plans.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no formal policy, but follows the State of Georgia requirement that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Investments are reported at fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has no formal policy on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Foreign currency risk

The City has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

4. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at September 30, 2007 consist of the following:

Major Funds General Fund	\$ 1,601
Enterprise Funds Water and Sewage Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles Solid Waste Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles (12,193) 68,868 (1,997)	472,403
Nonmajor Funds Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund	11,102
Total Primary Government	\$ 485,106

5. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2007 consist of the following:

Major Funds General Fund		
United States Army	\$ 6,453	
State of Georgia Department of Revenue	165,263	\$ 171,716
Water and Sewage Lumpkin County		1 000
Lumpkin County		1,990
Total Primary Government		\$ 173,706

6. Property Taxes

Property tax rates are set by the City Council each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Property taxes for the year 2007, based upon the assessments of January 1, 2007, were billed on September 21, 2007, and due on December 20, 2007. Taxes are delinquent on December 21, 2007 and are subject to liens on December 21, 2007.

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A summary of interfund receivables and payables as of September 30, 2007 is as follows:

		Due from:	
		Major Funds	
	Water and	Solid	
_	Sewage	Waste	Total
Due to:			
Major Funds General	\$ 1,054,514	\$ 0	\$ 1,054,514
Water and Sewer	0	205,758	205,758
Total	\$ 1,054,514	\$ 205,758	\$ 1,260,272

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

The balance reported as Due to/Due from represent loans between the borrow fund and the lender fund. Excepted as noted below, the balances result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between the funds are made.

Balances reported in the General Fund and Water and Sewage Fund represent loans for the purchase of land in a prior period and upgrades of the wastewater treatment plant. The City plans to liquidate these balances through a future Water and Sewage bond issuance and repay these loans in the next fiscal year.

All other balances are also expected to be repaid within one year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

		Transfers out:							
	V	jor Funds Vater and Sewage		major Funds Special Revenue		Total			
Transfers in: Major Funds General	\$	215,647	\$	2,000	\$	217,647			

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) move capital assets and the related accumulated depreciation between funds. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2007 was as follows:

2001 1140 40 1010 1161	Balance 9/30/2006	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2007	
Governmental activities					
Non-depreciable assets					
Land	\$ 1,826,461	\$ 427,180	\$ 0	\$ 2,253,641	
Construction in progress	178,688	0	(178,688)	0	
Total non-depreciable assets	2,005,149	427,180	(178,688)	2,253,641	
Depreciable assets					
Buildings and improvements	1,627,824	123,523	0	1,751,347	
Equipment	579,249	29,383	(36,649)	571,983	
Infrastructure	641,174	82,337	0	723,511	
Total depreciable assets	2,848,247	235,243	(36,649)	3,046,841	
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(667,519)	(46,552)	0	(714,071)	
Equipment	(323,572)	(35,264)	36,649	(322,187)	
Infrastructure	(47,335)	(48,224)	0	(95,559)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,038,426)	(130,040)	36,649	(1,131,817)	
Total depreciable assets, net	1,809,821	105,203	0	1,915,024	
Governmental activities	Φ 0.044.070	ф <u>гоо ооо</u>	Φ (4 7 0.000)	Φ 4400.005	
capital assets, net	\$ 3,814,970	\$ 532,383	<u>\$ (178,688)</u>	<u>\$ 4,168,665</u>	
Business-type activities					
Non-depreciable assets					
Land	\$ 3,261,944	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,261,944	
Construction in progress	780,207	1,062,866	0	1,843,073	
Total non-depreciable assets	4,042,151	1,062,866	0	5,105,017	
Depreciable assets		_	_		
Buildings	2,479,980	0	0	2,479,980	
Improvements	3,850,223	0	0	3,850,223	
Equipment and vehicles	5,191,080	205,631	(63,946)	5,332,765	
Water and sewer infrastructure	14,056,643	2,174,329	0	16,230,972	
Total depreciable assets	25,577,926	2,379,960	(63,946)	27,893,940	
Accumulated depreciation	(007.407)	(04.044)	•	(000 700)	
Buildings	(907,497)	(61,211)	0	(968,708)	
Improvements	(883,475)	(93,719)	0	(977,194)	
Equipment and vehicles	(2,505,590)	(286,790)	24,064	(2,768,316)	
Water and sewer infrastructure	(2,686,500)	(418,161)	0	(3,104,661)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,983,062)	(859,881)	24,064	(7,818,879)	
Total depreciable assets, net	18,594,864	1,520,079	(39,882)	20,075,061	
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 22,637,015	\$ 2,582,945	\$ (39,882)	\$ 25,180,078	

8. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities General Government Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	\$ 44,143 76,281 9,507 109
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 130,040
Business-type activities Water and Sewer Solid Waste	\$ 820,393 39,488
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 859,881

9. Short-Term Debt

The City issued \$1,048,081 of tax revenue anticipation notes during fiscal year 2007 with United Community Bank, bearing interest at 5.04%. By State of Georgia Law, this is required to be repaid by December 31, 2007.

10. Capital and Operating Lease Agreements

The City has entered into agreements for the lease of certain equipment. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The balances of these leases at September 30, 2007 are \$10,534 and \$62,897 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

10. Capital and Operating Lease Agreements (continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2007:

Year Ending September 30,	Governmental activities			Business-type activities		
2008	\$	2,901	\$	17,373		
2009		2,901		17,373		
2010		2,901		17,373		
2011		2,904		17,375		
Total minimum lease payments		11,607		69,494		
Less amounts representing interest		(1,073)		(6,597)		
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	10,534	\$	62,897		

Total assets leased under capital leases are \$12,988 and \$77,450 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively, and are classified as vehicles.

The City's lease agreements, other than such agreements described above, are relatively minor commitments (generally for office machines) and are in compliance with state law.

11. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, while revenue bonds are issued for the construction and expansion of proprietary activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith, credit and taxing powers of the City while revenue bonds pledge the revenues of the proprietary activity for repayment of the bond issues.

11. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds have been issued for business-type activities and are comprised of the following individual issues at September 30, 2007:

\$690,000 1973 Water and Sewage Revenue Series Bonds due in annual principal payments on November 1 with semi-annual interest payments (6.90%) due on May 1 and November 1. The final principal payment of \$65,000 is due on November 1, 2007. The bonds were used for expansion of the Water and Sewage system in the City of Dahlonega, Georgia.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Ending September 30,	P	Principal		nterest	Total		
2008	\$	65,000	\$	2,243	\$	67,243	
Totals	\$	65,000	\$	2,243	\$	67,243	

Notes Payable

The City has entered into 8 borrowings with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for expansion of the City's water and sewage system. At September 30, 2007 the original amounts of these borrowings were \$8,983,366, with a total outstanding balance of \$6,260,190. Monthly installments of principal and interest are due through July 1, 2022; interest at 2.00% to 5.56%.

Additionally, the City has entered into an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for the land and construction of a reservoir, in the original amount of \$6,663,057. At September 30, 2007, the balance of this note is \$6,562,956. Monthly installments of principal and interest are due through July 1, 2045; interest at 3.00%. The payments for this note payable are currently funded through transfers from the General Fund.

11. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Notes Payable (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Year			
Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 541,050	\$ 461,176	\$ 1,002,226
2009	552,864	438,533	991,397
2010	575,668	415,729	991,397
2011	599,678	391,719	991,397
2012	624,549	366,848	991,397
2013 - 2017	3,437,985	1,420,152	4,858,137
2018 - 2022	1,702,569	858,279	2,560,848
2023 - 2027	792,059	661,385	1,453,444
2028 - 2032	920,069	533,375	1,453,444
2033 - 2037	1,068,767	384,677	1,453,444
2038 - 2042	1,241,498	211,946	1,453,444
2043 - 2045	766,390	33,004	799,394
Totals	\$ 12,823,146	\$ 6,176,823	\$ 18,999,969

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended September 30, 2007:

	Balance 9/30/2006	Additions Deductions		Balance 9/30/2007		Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities Capital lease obligations Compensated absences	\$ 0 47,771	\$	12,988 50,409	\$ 2,454 47,771	\$	10,534 50,409	\$	2,453 50,409
Total governmental activities	\$ 47,771	\$	63,397	\$ 50,225	\$	60,943	\$	52,862
Business-type activities								
Notes payable	\$ 13,181,845	\$	144,346	\$ 503,045	\$	12,823,146	\$	541,050
Revenue bonds	120,000		0	55,000		65,000		65,000
Capital lease obligations	0		77,450	14,553		62,897		14,619
Compensated absences	58,884		69,909	58,884		69,909		69,909
Total business-type activities	\$ 13,360,729	\$	291,705	\$ 631,482	\$	13,020,952	\$	690,578

Revenue bond issue costs and discounts/premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. In prior years, long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, of the governmental activities were liquidated in the General Fund.

12. Reserved/Restricted Equity Balances

General Fund – Amount of \$37,479 and \$278,314 have been reserved for prepaid items and the City cemetery, respectively since these amounts are not legally available for appropriation.

Water and Sewage Enterprise Fund – An amount of \$86,896 has been restricted for restricted assets since this amount is not legally available for appropriation.

13. Change in Beginning Equity

General Fund

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect unrecorded intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2006. This adjustment increased beginning fund balance by \$17,837.

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect unrecorded accounts payable at September 30, 2006. This adjustment decreased beginning fund balance by \$2,401.

The net effect of these adjustments is to increase beginning net assets of Governmental Activities by \$15,436.

Water and Sewage Enterprise Fund

A prior period adjustment has been made to remove debt incorrectly reported in the prior year for the reservoir at September 30, 2006. This adjustment increased beginning net assets by \$62,417.

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect unrecorded accounts payable at September 30, 2006. This adjustment decreased beginning net assets by \$21,467.

The net effect of these adjustments is to increase beginning net assets of the Business-type Activities by \$40,950.

14. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Dahlonega is a participating member in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a defined benefit plan ("Plan"), which is a service of Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). GMEBS is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipalities in Georgia. The City elected to participate in GMEBS as of May 1, 1973, as a result of City Ordinance and a contract between the City and GMA. The Plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the Plan, in accordance with the terms of the Plan. See Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for reporting of investments.

All City employees who work a minimum of twenty hours per week are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing one year of service. Mayor and Council are eligible immediately. Benefits vest after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire with unreduced benefits at age 65 with five years of service. Mayor and Council are not subject to the five-year minimum service.

GMA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association at 21 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Vested employees who have reached the age of 65 and have completed five years of credited service are eligible to receive a monthly benefit, payable for life. The benefit is equal to 2.0% of the employee's average salary for the five highest years of employment multiplied by the years of credited service. The plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefits provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the City Council.

14. Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Description, continued

Vested employees who have reached age 55 with at least five years of credited service are eligible to receive an early retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, reduced on an actuarial equivalent basis. Death benefits and optional forms of retirement income on an actuarial equivalent basis are also available.

Current Membership is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Terminated vested participants entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active participants	44
Total number of participants	69

Funding Policy

The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution each year. The current rate is 14.43% of annual covered payroll. The Plan is a noncontributory participant plan. The recommended contribution meets the guidelines for calculating an annual required contribution set forth in Paragraphs 9-10 of GASB Statement No. 27. These contributions are determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method for developing the actuarial value of assets. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1982 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year. The remaining amortization period at May 1, 2007 varies for the bases. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy.

14. Pension Plan (continued)

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2007, the City's annual pension cost of \$189,671 was equal to the City's recommended and actual contributions. The required contribution was \$189,671. The recommended contribution (projected to May 1, 2008) was computed as part of an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2007. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 5.5 percent per year compounded annually (5.0 percent and 0.5 percent attributable to inflation and merit, respectively), (c) no post-retirement benefit increases.

Historical Trend Information

Historical trend information for Annual Pension Cost and funding progress is as follows:

Pension Cost Information

Funding Fiscal Year	I	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension bligation
9/30/2004	\$	114,363	100%	\$ 0
9/30/2005		142,191	100%	0
9/30/2006		154,451	100%	0
9/30/2007		189,671	100%	0

14. Pension Plan (continued)

Historical Trend Information, continued

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date March 1,	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	(Funded) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2004	\$ 1,814,650	\$ 2,156,848	342,198	84.13%	\$ 927,482	36.90%
2005	1,950,606	2,416,393	465,787	80.72%	1,063,230	43.81%
2006	2,117,298	2,504,340	387,042	84.55%	1,147,037	33.74%
2007	2,312,173	2,838,688	526,515	81.45%	1,314,660	40.05%

The actuarial value of assets is calculated as the roll forward of prior year's actuarial value with contributions, disbursements, and expected return on investments, plus 10% of investment gains (losses) during 10 prior years

15. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The City has levied a 5% lodging tax, in accordance with Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 48-13-51(3). The City is required to spend an amount equal to the amount by which the total taxes collected under the Code section exceed the taxes which would be collected at a rate of 3 percent for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows. A summary of the transactions for the year ending September 30, 2007, follows:

Lodging Tax Receipts \$115,031

Disbursements to the Dahlonega – Lumpkin County

Chamber of Commerce \$115,031 100% of tax receipts

16. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Development Center and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended September 30, 2007, the City paid \$4,478 in such dues. Membership in an RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Georgia Mountains Regional Development Center, PO Box 1720, Gainesville, GA 30503.

On March 6, 1998, the City of Dahlonega, Georgia (City), Lumpkin County (County) and the Lumpkin County Water and Sewage Authority (Authority) formed a joint authority to construct a reservoir.

The City and County have signed an agreement to each own 54% and 46% undivided interest in the reservoir assets, respectively. The responsibility of constructing the reservoir and liability for the debt was divided between the City (47.59%), the County (52.41%) and the Authority (0%). A Georgia Facilities Authority note for which the City and County will be responsible for based on the preceding debt percentages originally funded the project. The City has been paying principal and interest payments based on their percentage of 47.59% during fiscal year 2007.

17. Related Organizations

The Housing Authority of the City of Dahlonega is considered a related organization to the City of Dahlonega. The City appoints members to the Authority, but does not have the ability to impose its will or create a financial benefit or burden for the Authority. The Authority provides low-income housing for the individuals in the City of Dahlonega. The City received \$1,093 as payment-in-lieu-of-taxes for 2007. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Housing Authority of the City of Dahlonega, 90 Thompson Circle, Dahlonega, GA 30553.

18. Risk Management

Material estimates have been made by management about the life of depreciated fixed assets. Management has used a conservative approach on these estimates.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also obligated to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

Management estimates liabilities for unpaid claims based on the probability of losses exceeding the occurrence limits and the reasonableness of estimating those losses. At September 30, 2007, the City has no losses that are probable or estimable and accordingly has not recognized any liability.

19. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2007. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Amount

Project		Spent to Date		Remaining Commitment	
Water Treatment Plant	\$	1,247,029		\$	362,975

Contingencies

The City is a defendant in a lawsuit. Management intends to contest the open case vigorously. The City's legal counsel has stated that the outcome of this lawsuit is not presently determinable; however, there is sufficient liability insurance to cover any potential award against the City.

20. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Individual Governmental Funds for which Budgets are Adopted

During the fiscal year, the City incurred material expenditures in the General Fund which were in excess of the amounts appropriated for the following departments:

Department	Budget	Actual	V	/ariance
General Administration	\$ 516,047	\$ 926,727	\$	(410,680)
Municipal Court	196,226	208,740		(12,514)

Also during the fiscal year, the Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund had appropriations of \$109,280 and expenditures of \$115,031; The Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund had appropriations of \$6,000 and expenditures of \$12,143.

The City of Dahlonega's Management concurs with these findings. The City Clerk will be reviewing the comparative financial statements to budget and recommend any necessary budget revisions to City Council. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

21. Deficit Equity Balances

At September 30, 2007, the Multiple Grants Special Revenue Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$3,564. This is due to purchases partially funded by grant funds and the matching portion has not yet been transferred from the General Fund. The City plans to liquidate this deficit fund balance through future transfers from the General Fund.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Special Revenue			Total Nonmajor		
	Multiple Hotel/Motel Grant Tax		Governmental Funds			
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash Accounts receivable	\$	12,169 0	\$	0 11,102	\$	12,169 11,102
Total assets	\$	12,169	\$	11,102	\$	23,271
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	8,233 7,500	\$	11,102 0	\$	19,335 7,500
Total liabilities		15,733		11,102		26,835
Fund balances Unreserved		(3,564)		0		(3,564)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,169	\$	11,102	\$	23,271

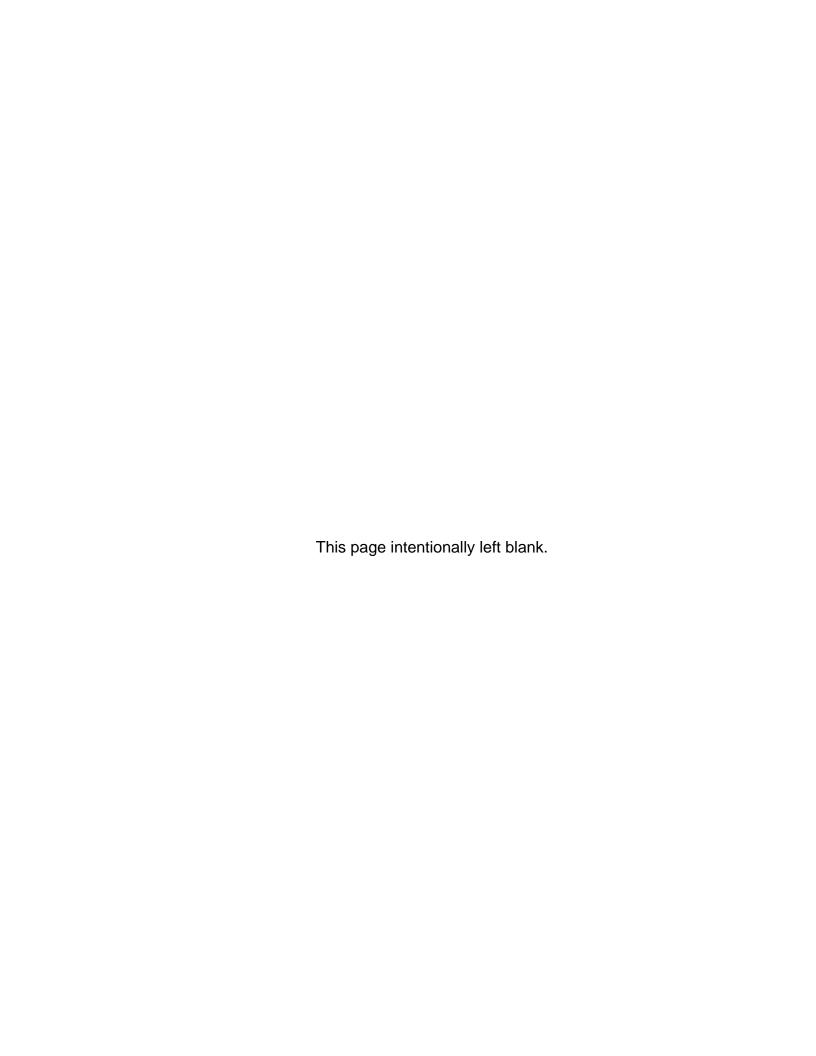
49 Exhibit B-1

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Multiple Hotel/Motel			Total Nonmajor Governmental	
	Grant		Tax	Funds	
REVENUES					
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 3,0	0 \$ 00	115,031 0	\$	115,031 3,000
Total revenues	3,0	00	115,031		118,031
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Culture and Recreation	5,6		0		5,643
Housing and Development	6,5		115,031		121,531
Total expenditures	12,1	43	115,031		127,174
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,1	43)	0		(9,143)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Transfers in	2,0	00	0		2,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(7,1	43)	0		(7,143)
experiorates and other illianding uses	(7,1	1 0)	U		(1,143)
Fund balances, October 1	3,5	79	0		3,579
Fund balances, September 30	\$ (3,5	64) \$	0	\$	(3,564)

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Exhibit B-2



GENERAL FUND
GENERAL FUND The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

ASSETS

Cash Equity in pooled cash Receivables (net)	\$	5,360 2,250,219
Accounts		1,601
Taxes		19,461
Fines		61,856
Intergovernmental Inventory		171,716 14,738
Prepaid items		37,479
Due from other funds		1,054,514
Restricted assets		
Cash		278,314
Total assets	\$	3,895,258
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Payables	•	0= 440
Accounts Interest	\$	35,448
Accrued salaries and payroll expenses		6,413 5,974
Tax anticipation note payable		1,048,081
Deferred revenue		23,768
Total liabilities		1,119,684
Fund balances		
Reserved for restricted assets		278,314
Reserved for prepaid items		37,479
Unreserved, undesignated		2,459,781
Total fund balances		0 775 574
		2,775,574

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Exhibit C-1

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

roi lile listai	year ended	September	30, 2007

Taxes \$ 2,606,45 Licenses and permits 186,29 Fines, fees and forfeitures 171,70 Charges for services 52,97 Intergovernmental 15,82 Interest 121,67 Contributions 13 Other 10,510 Total revenues 3,165,56 EXPENDITURES Current General Government 1,243,10 Judicial 208,74 Public Works 649,54 Culture and Recreation 70,19 Housing and Development 424,98 Total expenditures 2,596,56 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,99 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,00	91 00 70 27 75 32 10 62
Fines, fees and forfeitures 171,70 Charges for services 52,97 Intergovernmental 15,82 Interest 121,67 Contributions 13 Other 10,51 Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current General Government 1,243,10 Judicial 208,74 Public Works 649,54 Culture and Recreation 70,19 Housing and Development 424,98 Total expenditures 2,596,56 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,99 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,00	00 70 27 75 32 10 62
Charges for services 52,976 Intergovernmental 15,822 Interest 121,673 Contributions 13 Other 10,510 Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current General Government Judicial 208,744 Public Works 649,544 Culture and Recreation 70,19 Housing and Development 424,98 Total expenditures 2,596,56 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,99 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000	70 27 75 32 10 62 09 40
Interest 121,678 Contributions 133 Other 10,519 Total revenues 3,165,563 EXPENDITURES 568 Current 9 General Government 1,243,109 Judicial 208,749 Public Works 649,549 Culture and Recreation 70,199 Housing and Development 424,980 Total expenditures 2,596,566 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,999 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000	75 32 10 62 09 40
Contributions 133 Other 10,510 Total revenues 3,165,563 EXPENDITURES Current 568,756 General Government 1,243,100 Judicial 208,741 Public Works 649,544 Culture and Recreation 70,190 Housing and Development 424,980 Total expenditures 2,596,560 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,995 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000	32 10 62 09 40
Other 10,510 Total revenues 3,165,563 EXPENDITURES Current General Government 1,243,103 Judicial 208,741 Public Works 649,544 Culture and Recreation 70,193 Housing and Development 424,980 Total expenditures 2,596,563 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,995 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000	10 62 09 40
Total revenues 3,165,565 EXPENDITURES Current General Government 1,243,105 Judicial 208,744 Public Works 649,544 Culture and Recreation 70,195 Housing and Development 424,986 Total expenditures 2,596,565 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,995 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000	62 09 40
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Judicial Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund Tournet 1,243,109 208,74	09 40
Current General Government Judicial Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund 1,243,109 208,74 208,74 208,74 218 228,74 228 249,54 249,56 25,56 25,56 26,99 26,56 27,57 28,99 28,9	40
General Government 1,243,109 Judicial 208,740 Public Works 649,540 Culture and Recreation 70,199 Housing and Development 424,980 Total expenditures 2,596,560 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,999 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000)	40
Judicial Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund 208,74 649,54 649,64 649,	40
Public Works Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund 649,54 70,19 424,98 2,596,56 2,596,56 568,99 (2,006)	
Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund 70,19 424,98 2,596,56 2,596,56 568,99 (2,00	
Housing and Development 424,986 Total expenditures 2,596,566 Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,998 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,006)	
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures 568,999 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,00)	30
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,00)	67
Transfers in (out) Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,00)	95_
Multiple Grant Special Revenue Fund (2,000)	
	00)
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund (215,64)	
Proceeds from capital lease 12,98	
12,00	
Total other financing sources (uses) (204,659	<u>59)</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources	
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses 364,330	36
Fund balances, October 1 (original)	<u> </u>
Fund balances, October 1 (original) 2,395,802	JZ
Prior period adjustments 15,43	36_
Fund balances, October 1 (restated) 2,411,23	38
Fund balances, September 30 \$ 2,775,576	74_

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Exhibit C-2

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes			
General property taxes			
Property tax	\$ 820,735	\$ 812,855	\$ (7,880)
Real estate transfer tax	22,000	23,432	1,432
Motor vehicle tax	17,000	19,534	2,534
Cost, penalties, and interest	3,500	3,540	40
Total general property taxes	863,235	859,361	(3,874)
Local option sales tax	850,000	837,951	(12,049)
Franchise tax	454,127	454,128	1
Insurance premium tax	190,631	190,631	0
Alcoholic beverage excise tax	144,200	147,210	3,010
Occupational tax	115,675	117,176	1,501
Total taxes	2,617,868	2,606,457	(11,411)
Licenses and Permits			
Alcohol licenses	55,814	56,644	830
Building permits	86,950	129,647	42,697
Total licenses and permits	142,764	186,291	43,527
Fines, fees and forfeitures	190,000	171,700	(18,300)
Charges for Services			
Cemetery	43,000	52,940	9,940
Other	40	30	(10)
Total charges for services	43,040	52,970	9,930
Intergovernmental	0	15,827	15,827
Interest	110,000	121,675	11,675
Contributions	200	132	(68)
Other	11,365	10,510	(855)
Total revenues	\$ 3,115,237	\$ 3,165,562	\$ 50,325

53

Exhibit C-3

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
EXPENDITURES General Government				
Legislative				
Personal services	\$ 112,660	\$ 109,225	\$ 3,435	
Contract services	37,052	32,921	4,131	
Supplies and materials	400	400	7.500	
Total Legislative	150,112	142,546	7,566	
Executive				
Personal services	134,965	134,455	510	
Contract services	36,284	36,185	99	
Supplies and materials	570	3,196	(2,626)	
Capital outlay Total Executive	2,603 174,422	173,836	2,603 586	
Total Executive	174,422	173,030		
General Administration				
Personal services	197,087	179,932	17,155	
Contract services	254,306	270,482	(16,176)	
Supplies and materials	48,188	46,034	2,154	
Capital outlay Debt service	11,106 5,360	422,294 7,985	(411,188) (2,625)	
Total General Administration	516,047	926,727	(410,680)	
T. 10 10				
Total General Government	840,581	1,243,109	(402,528)	
Judicial				
Municipal Court				
Personal services	59,830	59,483	347	
Contract services Supplies and materials	79,688 908	89,410 841	(9,722) 67	
Payments to other agencies	55,800	59,006	(3,206)	
Total Judicial	196,226	208,740	(12,514)	
Public Works				
Paved Street				
Personal services	365,020	353,459	11,561	
Contract services	39,708	38,035	1,673	
Supplies and materials	56,300 50,088	87,413 40,160	(31,113)	
Capital outlay Debt service	50,988 200	2,864	10,828 (2,664)	
Total Paved Street	512,216	521,931	(9,715)	
	3.2,2.3	==:,007	(3,3)	
Shop Department	50 -46	50 50	2.24	
Personal services	52,518	50,507	2,011	
Contract services	3,219 10.791	3,922 10.717	(703) 74	
Supplies and materials Total Shop Department	10,791 66,528	10,717 65,146	1,382	
rotal onop Department	00,020	00,140	1,502	

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget Actual		Variance		
Public Works, continued					
Cemetery					
Personal services	\$ 51,300	\$ 52,165	\$ (865)		
Contract services	3,908	3,810	98		
Supplies and materials	5,927	6,488	(561)		
Total Cemetery	61,135	62,463	(1,328)		
Total Public Works	639,879	649,540	(9,661)		
Culture and Recreation Parks					
Personal services	49,916	50,243	(327)		
Contract services	14,727	16,016	(1,289)		
Supplies and materials	3,879	3,939	(60)		
Total Parks	68,522	70,198	(1,676)		
Total Culture and Recreation	68,522	70,198	(1,676)		
Housing and Development					
Building Inspections					
Personal services	188,864	189,120	(256)		
Contract services	54,596	40,872	13,724		
Supplies and materials	11,549	12,202	(653)		
Capital outlay	8,000	12,451	(4,451)		
Total Building Inspections	263,009	254,645	8,364		
Better Home Towns			(0.10)		
Contract services	50,776	51,716	(940)		
Total Better Home Towns	50,776	51,716	(940)		
Downtown Development Authority					
Payment to others	119,718	118,619	1,099		
Total Downtown Development Authority	119,718	118,619	1,099		
Total Housing and Development	433,503	424,980	8,523		
Total expenditures	\$ 2,178,711	\$ 2,596,567	\$ (417,856)		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Multiple Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for the grant revenues and expenses
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Multiple Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for the grant revenues and expenses for various government purposes. Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - This fund is used to collect Hotel/Motel taxes which are used to
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Multiple Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for the grant revenues and expenses for various government purposes. Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - This fund is used to collect Hotel/Motel taxes which are used to

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

ASSETS

Equity in pooled cash	\$ 12,169
Total assets	\$ 12,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$ 8,233 7,500 15,733
Fund balances Unreserved Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ (3,564) 12,169

56 Exhibit D-1

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance		
REVENUES		Budget		Actual		Variation	
Intergovernmental	\$	5,000	\$	3,000	\$	(2,000)	
Total revenues		5,000		3,000		(2,000)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current Culture and recreation Housing and development		6,000 0		5,643 6,500		357 (6,500)	
Total expenditures		6,000		12,143		(6,143)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,000)		(9,143)		(8,143)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) General Fund		1,000		2,000		1,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		0		(7,143)		(7,143)	
Fund balances, October 1		0		3,579		3,579	
Fund balances, September 30	\$	0	\$	(3,564)	\$	(3,564)	

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Exhibit D-2

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

ASSETS

Accounts receivable \$ 11,102

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

Liabilities

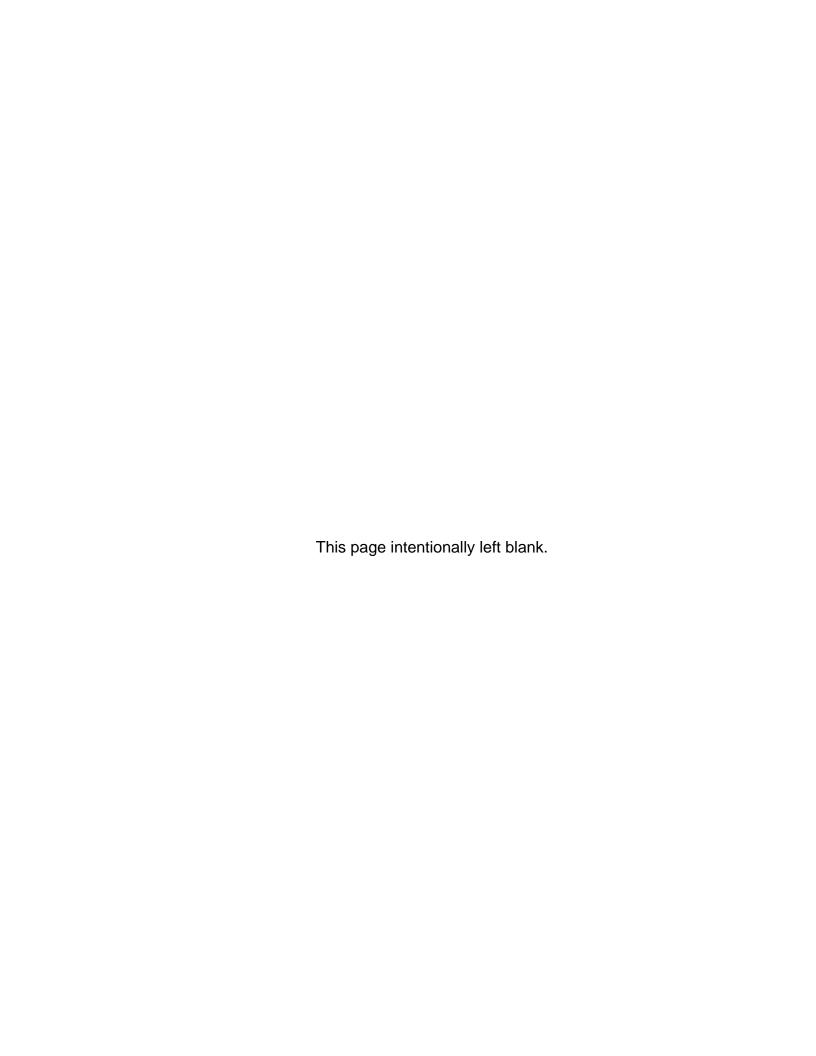
Accounts payable \$ 11,102

58 Exhibit D-3

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	<u> </u>	7101441	<u> </u>
Hotel/Motel taxes	\$ 109,280	\$ 115,031	\$ 5,751
Total revenues	109,280	115,031	5,751
EXPENDITURES			
Current Housing and Development Tourism			
Chamber of Commerce	109,280	115,031	(5,751)
Total expenditures	109,280	115,031	(5,751)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	0	0	0
Fund balances, October 1	0	0	0
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0	\$ 0

59 Exhibit D-4



ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Water and Sewage Fund - Used to account for activities connected with the development, operation and maintenance of water and sewer services in the City of Dahlonega.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> - Used to account for activities connected with the collection and disposal of residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional solid waste in the City of Dahlonega.

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

ASSETS

Current assets	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 1,360,721
Certificates of deposit	14,567
Receivables	405 500
Accounts (net)	405,532
Intergovernmental	1,990 115,417
Inventory Prepaid items	24,455
Due from other funds	205,758
Due nom other funds	 203,738
Total current assets	 2,128,440
Restricted assets	
Bond Redemption	
Cash	86,896
Customer Deposits	
Certificates of deposit	 60,433
Total restricted assets	 147,329
Capital assets	
Land	3,261,944
Improvements	3,850,223
Buildings	2,224,915
Water and sewer lines and towers	16,230,972
Machinery and equipment	4,868,439
Construction in progress	1,843,073
Accumulated depreciation	 (7,394,919)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	 24,884,647
Other assets	
Investment in joint venture	 15,269
Total assets	 27,175,685

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities		
Payables		
Accounts	\$	203,208
Interest		39,134
Accrued salaries and payroll expenses		5,444
Compensated absences		66,858
Due to other funds		1,054,514
Notes payable		541,050
Capital leases payable		14,619
Total current liabilities		1,924,827
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Customer deposits payable		60,433
Revenue bonds payable		65,000
Interest payable		1,869
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		127,302
Long-term liabilities		
Notes payable		12,282,096
Capital leases payable		48,278
Total long-term liabilities		12,330,374
Total liabilities		14,382,503
Total habilities		14,002,000
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		11,892,601
Restricted for restricted assets		86,896
Unrestricted		813,685
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	12,793,182

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for sales and services Water sales	\$ 1,619,415
Sewer charges	1,197,036
Tap fees	550,388
Other	1,237
Total operating revenues	3,368,076
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Cost of sales and services	765,365
Personal services	943,884
Depreciation	820,393
Total operating expenses	2,529,642
Operating income (loss)	838,434
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	
Interest revenue	70,758
Interest expense	(487,986)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,123
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(416,105)
Net income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	422,329
Capital contributions	
Capital contributions	1,369,606
Intergovernmental	20,004
Total capital contributions	1,389,610
Net income (loss) before transfers	1,811,939
Transfers in (out)	
General Fund	215,647
Change in net assets	2,027,586
Net assets, October 1 (original)	10,724,646
Prior period adjustments	40,950
Net assets, October 1 (restated)	10,765,596
Net assets, September 30	\$ 12,793,182

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 3,396,974
Payments to suppliers	(830,459)
Payments to employees	(931,444)
Other receipts	` 1,237 [′]
•	·
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,636,308
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Receipts from other funds	215,647
Payments to other funds	(41,824)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	173,823
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Receipts from other governments	33,245
Receipts from disposal of capital assets	1,851
Receipts from other funds	1,054,514
Acquisitions of capital assets	(1,403,510)
Principal payments - revenue bonds	(55,000)
Principal payments - promissary notes	(545,628)
Payment of capital leases	(14,553)
Interest paid	(492,288)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(1,421,369)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds from certificates of deposit	65,000
Purchases of certificates of deposit	(75,000)
Interest received	58,189
interest received	30,109
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	48,189
Net increase (decrease) in cash	436,951
	4 040 000
Cash, October 1	1,010,666
Cash, September 30	\$ 1,447,617

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWAGE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	838,434
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		820,393
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		30,142
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(1)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,806) (61,287)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		12,440
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(7)
moreass (assissass) in asposite payable		(·)
Total adjustments	_	797,874
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,636,308
Cash reconciliation:		
Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,360,721
Bond Redemption		
Cash		86,896
Total cash	\$	1,447,617

Noncash capital and related financing activities:

Contributions of capital assets from individuals totaled \$1,369,606 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

Acquistion of capital assets through capital leases totaled \$77,450 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

ASSETS

Current assets	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 196,799
Accounts receivable (net)	66,871
Inventory	5,017
Prepaid items	 8,241
Total current assets	276,928
Fixed assets	
Buildings	255,066
Machinery and equipment	464,328
Accumulated depreciation	 (423,963)
Total fixed assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	295,431
Total assets	 572,359
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,834
Accrued salaries and payroll expenses	1,811
Compensated absences	3,051
Due to other funds	205,758
Total liabilities	213,454
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	295,431
Unrestricted	63,474
Total net assets	\$ 358,905

CITY OF DAHLONGA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

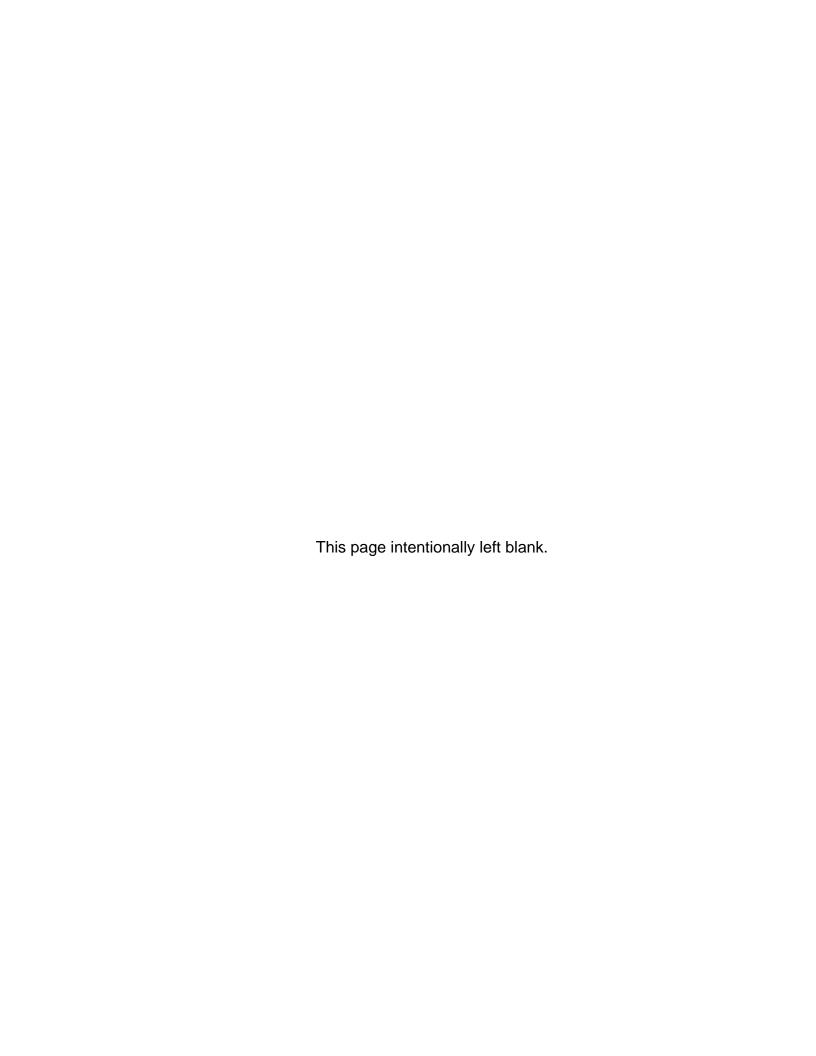
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

Net assets, September 30	\$ 358,905
Net assets, October 1	355,774
Change in net assets	3,131
Total operating expenses	 472,945
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales and services Personal services Depreciation	 157,800 275,657 39,488
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services	\$ 476,076

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers	\$	122 200
Payments to suppliers	Ф	432,288 (158,798)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(274,403)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(913)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Payments to other funds		41,824
r dymonic to outer fundo		11,021
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		41,824
Net increase (decrease) in cash		40,911
Cash, October 1		155,888
Cash, September 30	\$	196,799
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	3,131
provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	39,488 (43,788) (1,660) (634) 1,296 1,254
provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	\$	39,488 (43,788) (1,660) (634) 1,296



COMPONENT UNIT
COMPONENT UNIT Downtown Development Authority – This component unit is used to account for governmental revenues and contributions reserved for City business development.

CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

ASSETS

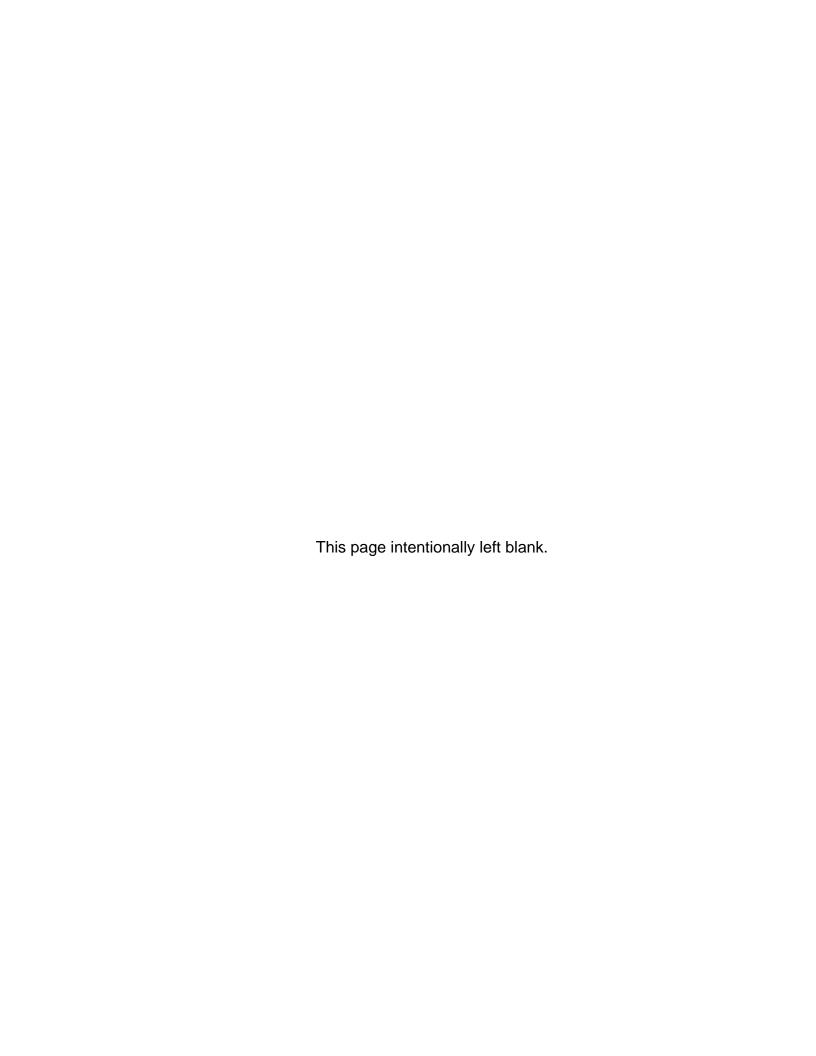
Equity in pooled cash Restricted assets	\$ 1,738
Equity in pooled cash	 104,271
Total assets	\$ 106,009
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities	
Payables Accounts Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities	17,530 529
Total liabilities	18,059
Fund balances	
Unreserved, undesignated	87,950
Total fund balances	 87,950
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 106,009

68 Exhibit F-1

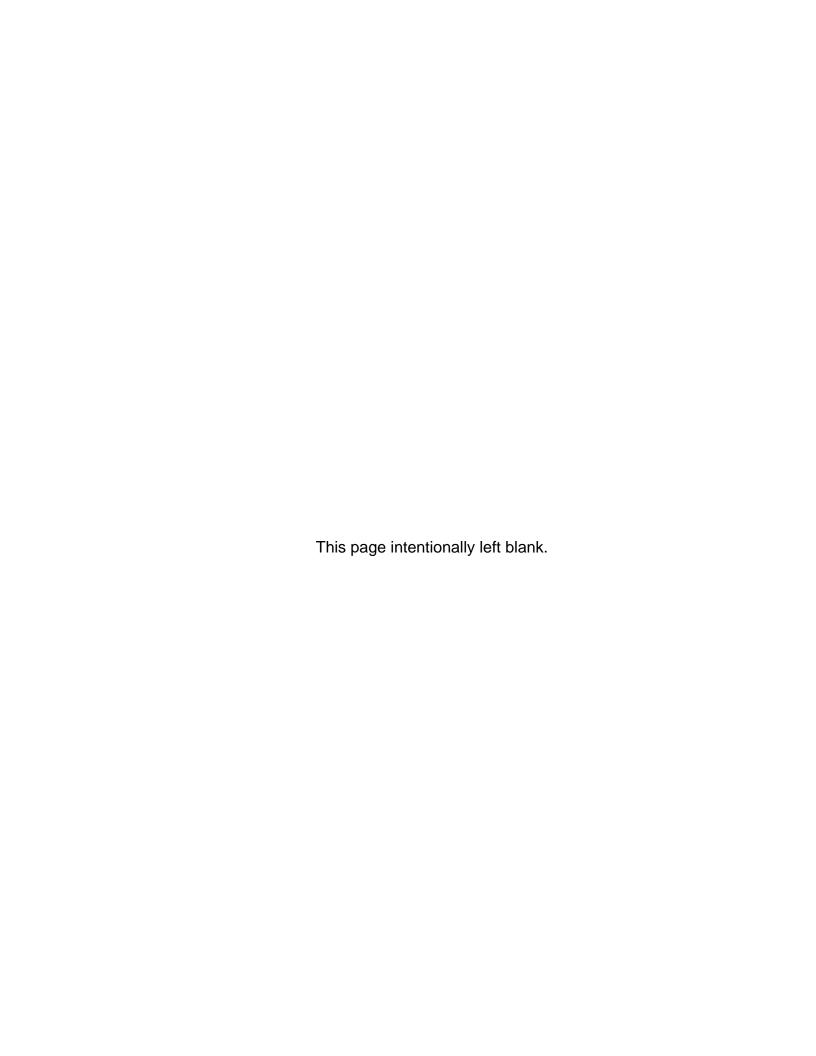
CITY OF DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental Fund-raising sales	\$ 119,718 0	\$ 118,619 39,891	\$ (1,099) 39,891
Total revenues	119,718	158,510	38,792
EXPENDITURES Current Housing and Development Personal services Contract services Supplies and materials	64,037 54,313 1,368	60,253 74,465 2,106	3,784 (20,152) (738)
Total expenditures	119,718	136,824	(17,106)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	0	21,686	21,686
Fund balances, October 1	0	66,264	66,264
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 0	\$ 87,950	\$ 87,950

69 Exhibit F-2









Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Dahlonega, Georgia

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We noted the following significant deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting:

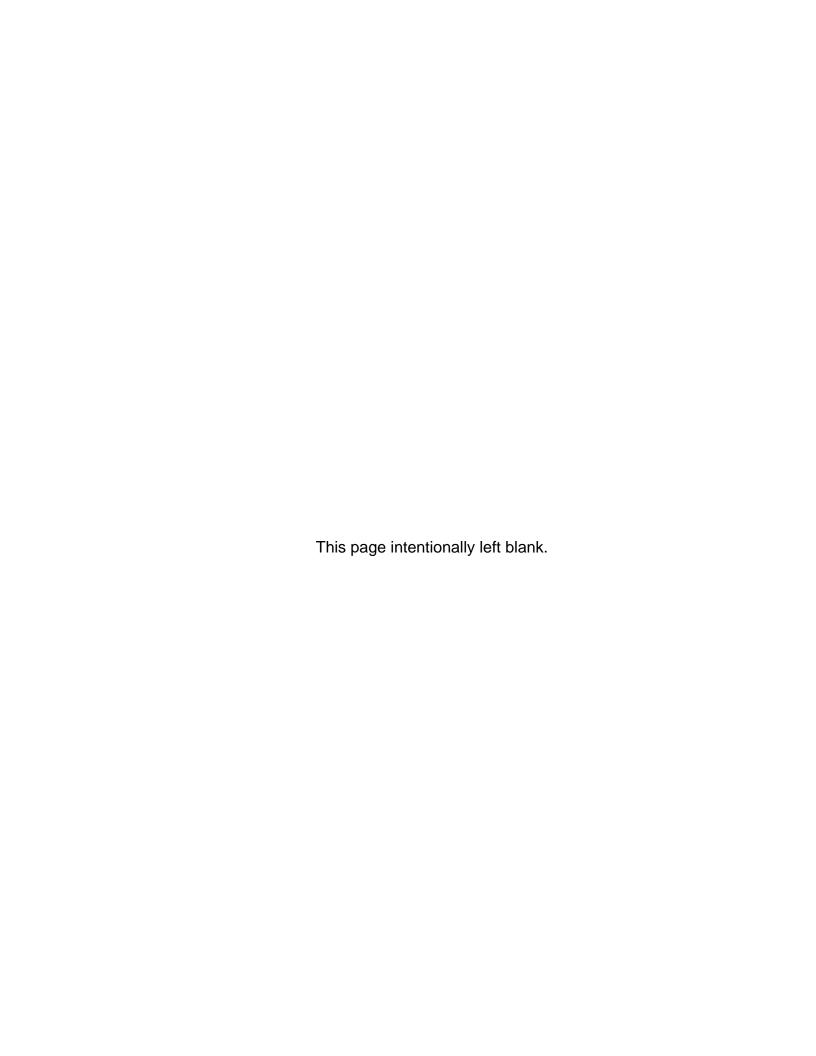
Comment 07-1

Condition: City personnel may require additional training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of financial statements. Currently, the City relies on the external auditors for technical assistance in applying generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the financial statements. This is common for governments of similar size and structure to the City of Dahlonega, Georgia. Under current auditing standards, providing technical assistance does not impair the independence of the external auditor. However, changes to auditing standards by standards setting boards could state that providing technical assistance would impair the independence of the external auditor.

Criteria: Effective internal control requires that the City accept responsibility and understanding of the audited financial report.

Effect: Failure to understand the financial statements may lead to material misstatements.

Recommendation: City personnel should continue to receive training in the identification and application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the City's financial statements.



Comment 07-1, continued

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. The City has determined that the cost of training City personnel to fully perform the duties of financial director is prohibitive. The governing body and management have determined that personnel should receive training to the extent that is economically feasible and to continue to rely on the technical assistance of the external auditor or other qualified professional when necessary. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

Comment 07-2

Condition: Currently, building permit fees, sewer and water tap fees, grinder pump fees, cemetery lot sales, and traffic citation fines are being receipted through the front window receipting system. However, the software is unable to generate a report with the details of each receipt (name, permit number, case number, etc). Also, manual deposits are sometimes made if the receipt is for cross-fund revenues (building permits = general fund, water tap fees = water fund) and the receipt is not entered into the system at the front desk as are the other receipts. No supporting documentation is kept for the manual deposit except for a deposit slip.

Criteria: Effective internal control requires that the City maintain supporting documentation for all revenues and expenditures.

Effect: Failure to maintain adequate supporting documentation exposes the City to a greater risk of loss and may lead to material misstatement of the financial statements.

Recommendation: All receipts should be entered through the front window receipting system. If a cross-fund check is received, the receipt should still be entered into the system and then split on the deposit slip. Also, each receipt entered should have details such as name, permit number, or case number entered and the receipting system should be adjusted to print a report showing details of each receipt.

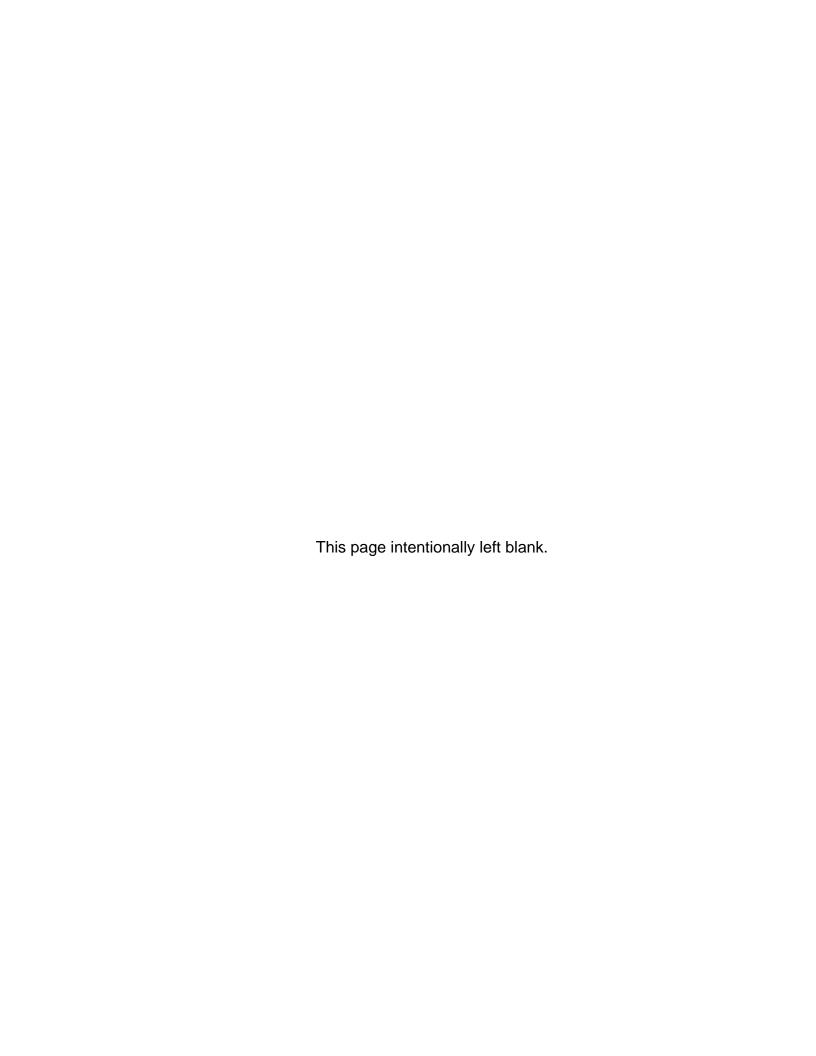
Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. We will implement the proper steps to insure that all receipts follow the same process and that each receipt is processed with enough detail to identify each transaction. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiencies listed above are not material weaknesses.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Dahlonega, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed the following instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*:



Comment 07-3

Condition: The City experienced a material excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General, Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue and Multiple Grants Special Revenue Funds.

Criteria: OCGA Code Section 36-81-3 requires local governments to operate under an approved annual budget for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds.

Effect: Failure to maintain expenditures within the balanced budget for these Funds will place the City in violation of state law.

Recommendation: The City should adopt a plan to more closely monitor budgets.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. The Mayor will review the comparative financial statements on a periodic basis and recommend any necessary budget amendments to the City Council. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

We noted certain other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the City of Dahlonega, Georgia, in a separate letter dated February 13, 2008.

The City of Dahlonega, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. We did not audit the City of Dahlonega's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Rusheton ? Company

Gainesville, Georgia February 13, 2008

